



पुर्णमा International School
Shree Swaminarayan Gurukul, Zundal

Grade -6
MATHS
Specimen
copy
Year 22-23

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CHAPTER – 7
Fractions

What have we discussed?

- A fraction is a number representing a part of a whole. The whole may be a single object or a group of objects.
- When expressing a situation of counting parts to write a fraction, it must be ensured that all parts are equal.
- In $\frac{5}{7}$, 5 is called the numerator and 7 is called the denominator.
- Fractions can be shown on a number line. Every fraction has a point associated with it on the number line.
- In a proper fraction, the numerator is less than the denominator. The fractions, where the numerator is greater than the denominator are called improper fractions. An improper fraction can be written as a combination of a whole and a part, and such fraction then called mixed fractions.
- Each proper or improper fraction has many equivalent fractions. To find an equivalent fraction of a given fraction, we may multiply or divide both the numerator and the denominator of the given fraction by the same number.
- A fraction is said to be in the simplest (or lowest) form if its numerator and the denominator have no common factor except 1.

Chap – 7

Ex : 7.1

1(1). Write the fraction representing the shaded portion.



Sol. 24

1(2). The fraction representing the shaded portion.



Sol. 89

1(3). The fraction representing the shaded portion:



Sol. 48

1(4). Write the fraction representing the shaded portion:



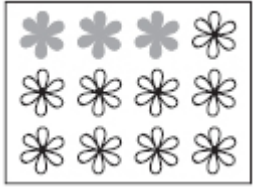
Sol. 14

1(5). Write the fraction representing the shaded portion -



Sol. 37

1(6). Write the fraction representing the shaded portion:-



Sol. 3/12

1(7). Write fraction representing the shaded portion:



Sol. 5/10

1(8). Write fraction representing the shaded portion-



Sol. 4/8

1(9). Write the fraction representing the shaded portion



Sol. 1/8

1(10). Write the fraction representing the shaded portion :



Sol. 2/4

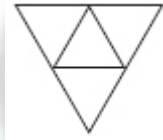
2(1). Colour the part according to the given fraction : $\frac{1}{6}$



Sol.



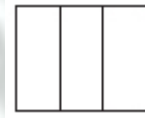
2(2). Colour the part according to the given fraction : $\frac{1}{4}$



Sol.



2(3). Colour the part according to the given fraction: $\frac{1}{3}$



Sol.



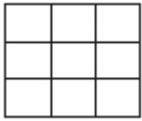
2(4). Colour the part according to the given fraction $\frac{3}{4}$:



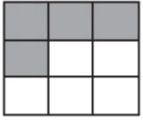
Sol.



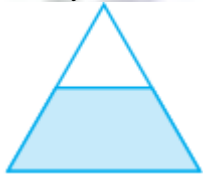
2(5). Colour the part according to the given fraction $\frac{4}{9}$:



Sol.

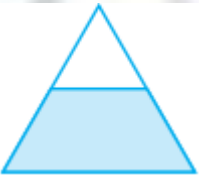


3(1). Identify the error, if any



this is $\frac{1}{3}$

Sol. We know that,
A fraction is a number that represents part of a whole and the parts need to be equally divided.



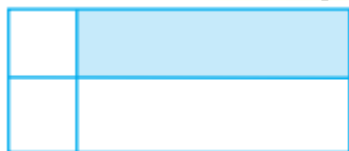
Here,
The whole may be a single object or a group of objects.
But from the above, figure, we can see that,
It is not divided into equal parts.
Hence,
The given figures do not represent the given fraction.

3(2). Identify the error, if any



this is $\frac{1}{4}$

Sol. We know that,
A fraction is a number that represents part of a whole and the parts needs to be equally divided.



Here,

we can see that,
The given figure is not divided into equal parts.
Hence,
The given figure does not represent the given fraction.

3(3). Identify the error, if any



this is $\frac{3}{4}$

Sol. We know that,
A fraction is a number that represents part of a whole and the parts needs to be equally divided.



Here,
we can see that,
The shape is not divided into equal parts.
Hence,
The given figure does not represent the fraction.

4. What fraction of a day is 8 hours?

Sol. 1 day = 24 hours
 \therefore Required fraction = $\frac{8}{24} = \frac{8 \div 8}{24 \div 8} = \frac{1}{3}$

5. What fraction of an hour is 40 minutes?

Sol. 1 hour = 60 minutes
 \therefore Required fraction = $\frac{40}{60} = \frac{40 \div 20}{60 \div 20} = \frac{2}{3}$

6(1). Arya, Abhimanyu, and Vivek shared lunch. Arya has brought two sandwiches, one made of vegetables and one of jam. The other two boys forgot to bring their lunch. Arya agreed to share his sandwiches so that each person will have an equal share of each sandwich.
How can Arya divide his sandwiches so that each person has an equal share?

Sol. Given that,
Arya has brought two sandwiches, one made of vegetables and the other of jam.
Therefore,
To divide both the sandwiches equally among them,
He will divide each sandwich into three equal parts.

and he will give one part of each sandwich to each one of them.

- 6(2).** Arya, Abhimanyu, and Vivek shared lunch. Arya has brought two sandwiches, one made of vegetables and one of jam. The other two boys forgot to bring their lunch. Arya agreed to share his sandwiches so that each person will have an equal share of each sandwich.

What part of a sandwich will each boy receive?

Sol. Here, each sandwich is divided into three equal parts.

Hence,

Each boy will get $\frac{1}{3}$ part of each sandwich.

- 7.** Kanchan dyes dresses, she had to dye 30 dresses. She has so far finished 20 dresses. What fraction of dresses has she finished?

Sol. Kanchan had dyes 30 dresses. She has finished 20 dresses.

So fraction of dresses she has finished = $\frac{20}{30} = \frac{20 \div 10}{30 \div 10} = \frac{2}{3}$

\therefore She has finished $\frac{2}{3}$ fraction of the dresses.

- 8.** Write the natural numbers from 2 to 12. What fraction of them are prime numbers ?

Sol. The natural numbers from 2 to 12 are 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12

Total number of natural numbers from 2 to 12 = 11

Out of these, the prime numbers are 2, 3, 5, 7, 11

Total number of prime numbers from 2 to 12 = 5

\therefore Required fraction = $\frac{5}{11}$

- 9.** Write the natural numbers from 102 to 113. What fraction of them are prime numbers ?

Sol. The natural numbers from 102 to 113 are

102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112 and 113

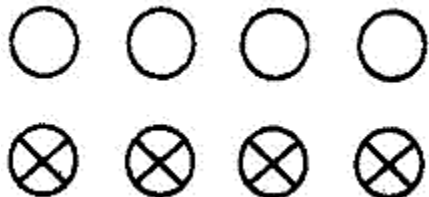
Total number of natural numbers = 12

Out of these, the prime numbers are 103, 107, 111, 113.

Total number of these prime numbers = 4

\therefore Required fraction = $\frac{4}{12} = \frac{4 \div 4}{12 \div 4} = \frac{1}{3}$

- 10.** What fraction of these circles have 'X's in them?



Sol. Total number of circles = 8

Numbers of circles which 'X's in them = 4

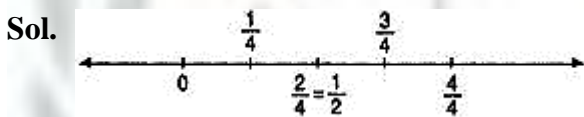
\therefore Required fraction = $\frac{4}{8} = \frac{4 \div 4}{8 \div 4} = \frac{1}{2}$

11. Krishna received a CD player for her birthday. She bought 3 CDs and received 5 others as gifts. What fraction of her total CDs did she buy and what fraction did she receive as gifts?

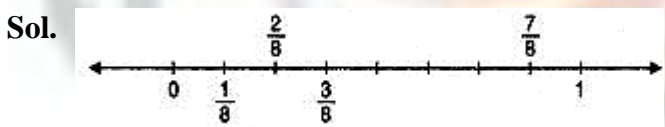
Sol. Numbers of CDs bought = 3
 Number of CDs received as gifts = 5
 \therefore Total number of CDs = 3 + 5 = 8
 \therefore Fraction of her total CDs that she bought = $\frac{3}{8}$
 and, fraction of her total CDs that received as gifts = $\frac{5}{8}$.

EX : 7.2

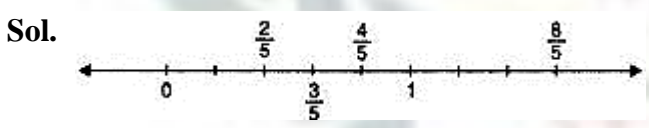
1(1). Draw number line and locate the points on them: 12,14,34,44



1(2). Draw number line and locate the points on them: 18,28,38,78.



1(3). Draw number line and locate the points on them: 25,35,85,45



Question 2. Express the following fractions as mixed fractions:

- (a) $\frac{20}{3}$ (b) $\frac{11}{5}$ (c) $\frac{17}{7}$ (d) $\frac{28}{5}$ (e) $\frac{19}{6}$ (f) $\frac{35}{9}$

Answer: (a)

(b)

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 3 \overline{) 20} \\ \underline{-18} \\ 2 \end{array}$$

$\frac{20}{3} = 6\frac{2}{3}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 5 \overline{) 11} (\\ \underline{10} \\ 1 \end{array}$$

$$\therefore \frac{11}{5} = 2\frac{1}{5}$$

(c)

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 7 \overline{) 17} (\\ \underline{14} \\ 3 \end{array}$$

$$\therefore \frac{17}{7} = 2\frac{3}{7}$$

(d)

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 5 \overline{) 28} (\\ \underline{25} \\ 3 \end{array}$$

$$\therefore \frac{28}{5} = 5\frac{3}{5}$$

(e)

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 6 \overline{) 19} (\\ \underline{18} \\ 1 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{19}{6} = 3\frac{1}{6}$$

(f)

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 9 \overline{) 35} \\ \underline{27} \\ 8 \end{array}$$

$$\therefore \frac{35}{9} = 3\frac{8}{9}$$

Question 3. Express the following as improper fractions:

(a) $7\frac{3}{4}$ (b) $5\frac{6}{7}$ (c) $2\frac{5}{6}$ (d) $10\frac{3}{5}$ (e) $9\frac{3}{7}$ (f) $8\frac{4}{9}$

Answer: (a) $7\frac{3}{4} = \frac{(7 \times 4) + 3}{4} = \frac{28 + 3}{4} = \frac{31}{4}$

(b) $5\frac{6}{7} = \frac{(5 \times 7) + 6}{7} = \frac{35 + 6}{7} = \frac{41}{7}$

(c) $2\frac{5}{6} = \frac{(2 \times 6) + 5}{6} = \frac{12 + 5}{6} = \frac{17}{6}$

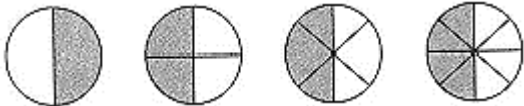
(d) $10\frac{3}{5} = \frac{(10 \times 5) + 3}{5} = \frac{50 + 3}{5} = \frac{53}{5}$

(e) $9\frac{3}{7} = \frac{(9 \times 7) + 3}{7} = \frac{63 + 3}{7} = \frac{66}{7}$

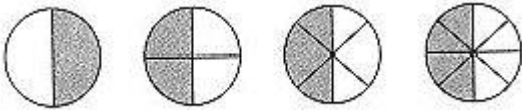
(f) $8\frac{4}{9} = \frac{(8 \times 9) + 4}{9} = \frac{72 + 4}{9} = \frac{76}{9}$

Ex: 7.3

1(1). Write the fractions. Are all these fraction equivalent?



Sol.



The first figure represents 1 shaded parts out of 2 equal parts = $\frac{1}{2}$

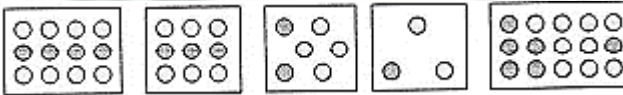
The second figure represents 2 shaded parts out of 4 equal parts = $\frac{2}{4} = \frac{2 \div 2}{4 \div 2} = \frac{1}{2}$

The third figure represents 3 shaded parts out of 6 equal parts. $\frac{3}{6} = \frac{3 \div 3}{6 \div 3} = \frac{1}{2}$

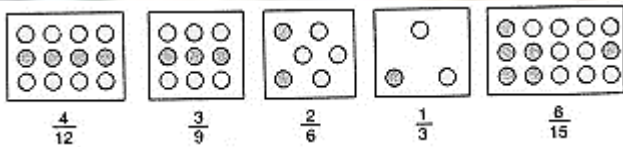
The fourth figure represents 4 shaded parts out of 8 equal parts. $\frac{4}{8} = \frac{4 \div 4}{8 \div 4} = \frac{1}{2}$

So, all these fractions are equivalent.

1(2). Write the fractions. Are all these fraction equivalent ?



Sol.



The figure (i) represents 4 shaded circles out of 12 circles. So $\frac{4}{12} = \frac{4 \div 4}{12 \div 4} = \frac{1}{3}$ [\therefore HCF (4, 12) = 4]

The figure (ii) represents 3 shaded circles out of 9 circles. So $\frac{3}{9} = \frac{3 \div 3}{9 \div 3} = \frac{1}{3}$ [\therefore HCF (3, 9) = 3]

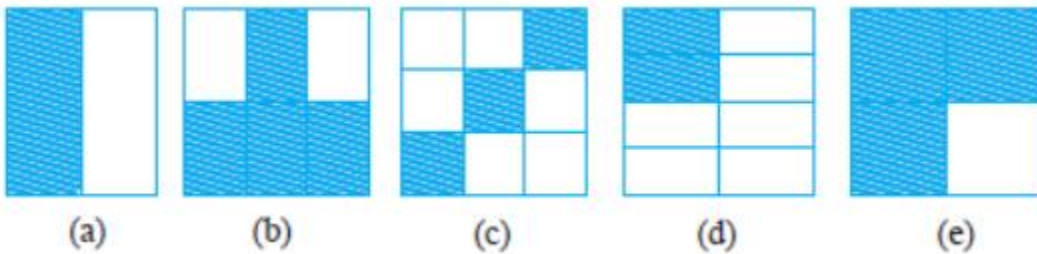
The figure (iii) represents 2 shaded circles out of 6 circles. So $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{2 \div 2}{6 \div 2} = \frac{1}{3}$ [\therefore HCF (2, 6) = 2]

The figure (iv) represents 1 shaded circle out of 3 circles. So $\frac{1}{3}$

The figure (v) represents 6 shaded circles out of 15 circles. So $\frac{6}{15} = \frac{6 \div 3}{15 \div 3} = \frac{2}{5}$ [\therefore HCF (6, 15) = 3]

So, all these fractions are not equivalent.

2. Write the fractions and pair up the equivalent fractions from each row.



Sol.

- a. Here,
The figure is divided into two equal parts
And,
One part is shaded out of these two parts
Hence,

The figure represents a fraction of 12.

b. Here,

The figure is divided into six equal parts

And,

Four parts are shaded out of these six parts

Hence,

The figure represents a fraction of $\frac{4}{6}$ or $\frac{2}{3}$

c. Here,

The figure is divided into nine equal parts

And,

Three parts are shaded out of these nine parts

Hence,

The figure represents a fraction of $\frac{3}{9}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$

d. Here,

The figure is divided into nine equal parts

And,

Three parts are shaded out of these nine parts

Hence,

The figure represents a fraction of $\frac{3}{9}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$

e. Here,

The figure is divided into four equal parts

And,

Three parts are shaded out of these four parts

Hence,

The figure represents a fraction of $\frac{3}{4}$

i. Here,

The figure is divided into eighteen equal parts

And,

Six parts are shaded out of these eighteen parts

Hence,

The figure represents a fraction of $\frac{6}{18}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$

ii. Here,

The figure is divided into eight equal parts

And,

Four parts are shaded out of these eight parts

Hence,

The figure represents a fraction of $\frac{4}{8}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$

iii. Here,

The figure is divided into sixteen equal parts

And,

Twelve parts are shaded out of these sixteen parts

Hence,

The figure represents a fraction of $\frac{12}{16}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$

iv. Here,

The figure is divided into twelve equal parts

And,

Eight parts are shaded out of these twelve parts

Hence,

The figure represents a fraction of $\frac{8}{12}$ or $\frac{2}{3}$

v. Here,

The figure is divided into sixteen equal parts

And,

Four parts are shaded out of these sixteen parts

Hence,

The figure represents a fraction of $\frac{1}{14}$ or $\frac{1}{14}$

Pair up with the equivalent fractions: (a) - (ii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), (d) - (v), (e) - (iii)

3(1). Replace \square by the correct number: $27=8\square$

Sol. If value taken as m

$$27=8m$$

$$\therefore 2 \times m = 7 \times 8$$

$$\therefore m=7 \times 8 \div 2=56 \div 2=28$$

$$\therefore m = 28$$

$$\therefore 27=8 \times 28$$

3(2). Replace \square by the correct number: $58=10\square$

Sol. $58=10m$

$$\therefore 5 \times m = 8 \times 10$$

$$\therefore m=8 \times 10 \div 5$$

$$\therefore m=80 \div 5$$

$$\therefore m = 16$$

$$\therefore 58=10 \times 16$$

3(3). Replace \square by the correct number: $35=\square \times 20$

Sol. $35=a \times 20$

$$\therefore 3 \times 20 = 5 \times a$$

$$\therefore a=3 \times 20 \div 5=60 \div 5$$

$$\therefore a = 12.$$

$$\therefore 35=12 \times 20$$

3(4). Replace \square by the correct number: $4560=15 \times \square$

Sol. $4560=15a$

$$\therefore 45 \times a = 60 \times 15$$

$$\therefore a=60 \times 15 \div 45=900 \div 45$$

$$\therefore a = 20$$

$$\therefore 4560=15 \times 20$$

3(5). Replace \square by the correct number: $1824=\square \times 4$

Sol. $1824=a \times 4$

$$\therefore 18 \times 4 = 24 \times a$$

$$\therefore a = 18 \times 4 \div 24=72 \div 24$$

$$\therefore a = 3$$

$$\therefore 1824=3 \times 4$$

4(1). Find the equivalent fraction $\frac{3}{5}$ having denominator 20.

Sol. $\frac{3}{5} = \frac{3 \times 4}{5 \times 4} = \frac{12}{20}$

4(2). Find the equivalent fraction $\frac{3}{5}$ having numerator 9.

Sol. $\frac{3}{5} = \frac{3 \times 3}{5 \times 3} = \frac{9}{15}$

4(3). Find the equivalent fraction $\frac{3}{5}$ having denominator 30.

Sol. $\frac{3}{5} = \frac{3 \times 6}{5 \times 6} = \frac{18}{30}$

4(4). Find the equivalent fraction $\frac{3}{5}$ having numerator 27.

Sol. $\frac{3}{5} = \frac{3 \times 9}{5 \times 9} = \frac{27}{45}$

5(1). Find the equivalent fraction $\frac{36}{48}$ with numerator 9.

Sol. $\frac{36}{48} = \frac{36 \div 4}{48 \div 4} = \frac{9}{12}$

5(2). Find the equivalent fraction $\frac{36}{48}$ with denominator 4.

Sol. $\frac{36}{48} = \frac{36 \div 12}{48 \div 12} = \frac{3}{4}$

6(1). Check whether the given fractions are equivalent : $\frac{5}{9}, \frac{30}{54}$

Sol. $\frac{5}{9} = \frac{30}{54}$
 $5 \times 54 = 270$
 $9 \times 30 = 270$
 $\therefore 5 \times 54 = 9 \times 30$
 \therefore The given fractions $\frac{5}{9}$ and $\frac{30}{54}$ are equivalent.

6(2). Check whether the given fractions are equivalent: $\frac{3}{10}, \frac{12}{50}$

Sol. $\frac{3}{10}, \frac{12}{50}$
 $3 \times 50 = 150$
 $10 \times 12 = 120$
So, $150 \neq 120$
 \therefore The given fractions $\frac{3}{10}$ and $\frac{12}{50}$ are not equivalent.

6(3). Check whether the given fractions are equivalent : $\frac{7}{13}, \frac{51}{113}$

Sol. 73,511

$$7 \times 11 = 77$$

$$3 \times 5 = 15$$

So, $77 \neq 15$

\therefore The given fractions 73 and 511 are not equivalent.

7(1). Reduce the fraction to simplest form: $\frac{48}{60}$

Sol. Factors of 48 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 24 and 48.

Factors of 60 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 12, 15, 20, 30 and 60.

\therefore Common factors of 48 and 60 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 12.

Highest of these common factors is 12.

\therefore H.C.F. of 48 and 60 is 12

$$\text{Now, } \frac{48}{60} = \frac{48 \div 12}{60 \div 12} = \frac{4}{5}$$

Hence, the simplest form of $\frac{48}{60}$ is $\frac{4}{5}$

7(2). Reduce the fraction to simplest form: $\frac{150}{60}$

Sol. Factors of 150 are 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 15, 25, 30, 50, 75 and 150

Factors of 60 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 12, 15, 20, 30 and 60

\therefore Common factors of 150 and 60 are 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 15 and 30.

Highest of these common factors is 30.

\therefore H.C.F. of 150 and 60 is 30.

$$\text{Now, } \frac{150}{60} = \frac{150 \div 30}{60 \div 30} = \frac{5}{2}$$

Hence, the simplest form of $\frac{150}{60}$ is $\frac{5}{2}$

7(3). Reduce the fraction to simplest form: $\frac{84}{98}$

Sol. Factors of 84 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 12, 14, 21, 28, 42 and 84

Factors of 98 are 1, 2, 7, 14, 49 and 98.

\therefore Common factors of 84 and 98 are 1, 7 and 14.

Highest of these common factors is 14.

\therefore H.C.F. of 84 and 98 is 14.

$$\text{Now, } \frac{84}{98} = \frac{84 \div 14}{98 \div 14} = \frac{6}{7}$$

Hence, the simplest form of $\frac{84}{98}$ is $\frac{6}{7}$

7(4). Reduce the fraction to simplest form: $\frac{12}{52}$

Sol. Factors of 12 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 12

Factors of 52 are 1, 2, 4, 13, 26 and 52.

\therefore Common factors of 12 and 52 are 1, 2 and 4.

Highest of these common factors is 4.

\therefore H.C.F. of 12 and 52 is 4.

$$\text{Now, } \frac{12}{52} = \frac{12 \div 4}{52 \div 4} = \frac{3}{13}$$

Hence, the simplest form of $\frac{12}{52}$ is $\frac{3}{13}$

7(5). Reduce the fraction to simplest form: $\frac{728}{7}$

Sol. Factors of 7 are 1 and 7
Factors of 28 are 1, 2, 4, 7, 14 and 28
 \therefore Common factors of 7 and 28 are 1 and 7
Highest of these common factors is 7
 \therefore H.C.F. of 7 and 28 is 7
Now, $\frac{728}{7} = 7 \div 728 \div 7 = 14$
Hence, the simplest form of $\frac{728}{7}$ is 14

8. Ramesh had 20 pencils, Sheelu had 50 pencils and Jammal had 80 pencils. After 4 months, Ramesh used up 10 pencils, sheelu used up 25 pencils and Jammal used up 40 pencils. What fraction did each use up?

Sol. For Ramesh
Number of pencils he had = 20
Number of pencils used by him = 10
 \therefore H.C.F. of 10 and 20 is 10
 \therefore Required fraction = $\frac{10}{20} = 10 \div 10 \over 20 \div 10 = \frac{1}{2}$
For Sheelu
Number of pencils she had = 50
Number of pencils used by her = 25
 \therefore H.C.F. of 25 and 50 is 25
 \therefore Required fraction = $\frac{25}{50} = 25 \div 25 \over 50 \div 25 = \frac{1}{2}$
For Jammal
Number of pencils he had = 80
Number of pencils used by him = 40
 \therefore H.C.F. of 40 and 80 is 40
 \therefore Required fraction = $\frac{40}{80} = 40 \div 40 \over 80 \div 40 = \frac{1}{2}$
Yes! each has up an equal fraction of their pencils.

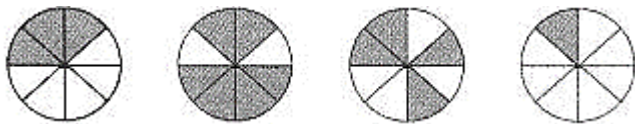
9. Match the equivalent fractions:

(a) $\frac{250}{400}$	i. $\frac{23}{25}$
(b) $\frac{180}{200}$	ii. $\frac{25}{25}$
(c) $\frac{660}{990}$	iii. $\frac{12}{12}$
(d) $\frac{180}{360}$	iv. $\frac{58}{58}$
(e) $\frac{220}{550}$	v. $\frac{910}{910}$

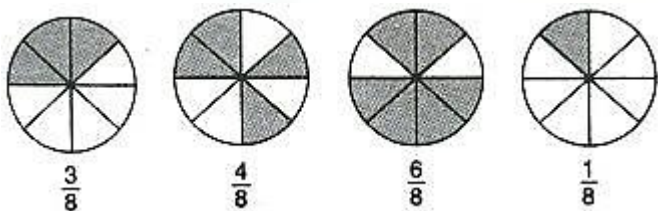
Sol. (a) - (iv), (b) - (v), (c) - (i), (d) - (iii), (e) - (ii)

EX : 7.4

1(1). Write shaded portion as fraction. Arrange them in ascending and descending order correct sign '<', '=', '>' between the fractions.

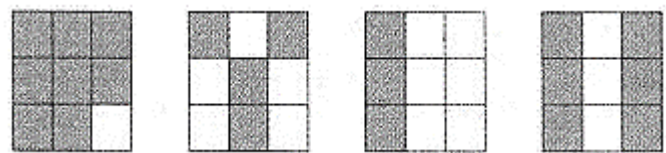


Sol.

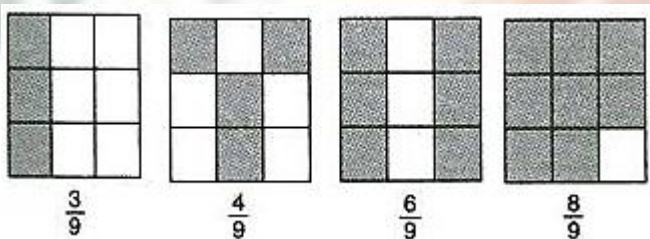


- i. In ascending order, these are 18,38,48,68
i.e., $18 < 38 < 48 < 68$
- ii. In descending order, these are 68,48,38,18
i.e., $68 > 48 > 38 > 18$

1(2). Write shaded portion as fraction. Arrange the following figure in ascending and descending order correct sign '<', '=', '>' between the fractions:



Sol.

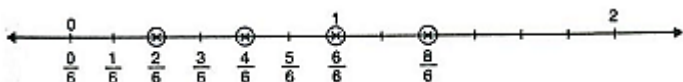


- i. In ascending order, these are 39,49,69,89
i.e., $39 < 49 < 69 < 89$
- ii. In descending order, these are 89,69,49,39
i.e., $89 > 69 > 49 > 39$

1(3). Show 26,46,86 and66 on the number line. Put appropriate signs between the fractions given.

$$56 \square 26, 36 \square 0, 16 \square 66, 86 \square 56$$

Sol.



$$56 > 26, 36 > 0, 16 < 66, 86 > 56$$

2(1). Compare the fraction and put an appropriate sign.
 $36 \square 56$

Sol. Here denominators of the two fractions are the same and $3 < 5$.
Therefore, $36 < 56$

2(2). Compare the fraction and put an appropriate sign.
 $17 \square 14$

Sol. Here, numerators of the two fractions are the same and $7 > 4$.
 $\therefore 17 < 14$

2(3). Compare the fraction and put an appropriate sign.
 $45 \square 55$

Sol. Here, denominators of the fractions are same and $4 < 5$.
Therefore, $45 < 55$

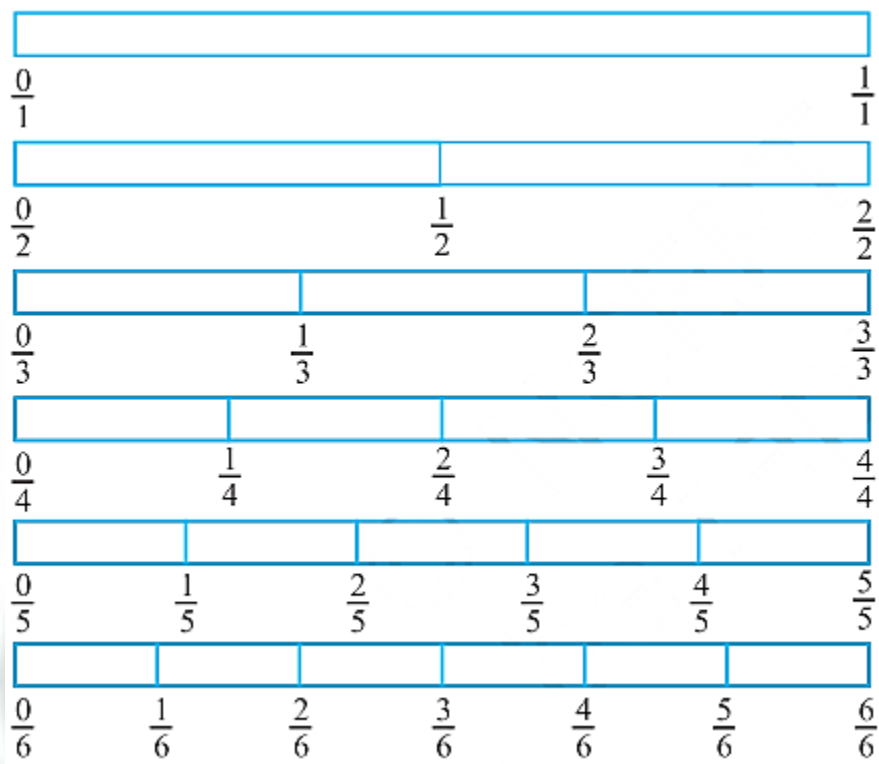
2(4). Compare the fraction and put an appropriate sign.
 $35 \square 37$

Sol. Here, numerators of the two fractions are the same and $5 < 7$.
 $\therefore 35 > 37$

3. Make five more such pairs and make appropriate signs.

Sol. First Pair $47 \text{---} 67; 47 < 67$
Second Pair $59 \text{---} 09; 59 > 09$
Third Pair $711 \text{---} 911; 711 < 911$
Fourth Pair $1115 \text{---} 1315; 1115 < 1315$
Fifth Pair $1120 \text{---} 920; 1120 > 920$

4. Look at the figures and write '<' or '>', '=' between the given pairs of fractions.



- $16 \square 13$
- $34 \square 26$
- $23 \square 24$
- $66 \square 33$
- $56 \square 55$

Make five more such problems and solve them with your friends.

Sol.

- In this part of the question, we have,
The numerator of both the fractions are equal
Hence, fraction having lesser denominator will be greater
Therefore,
 $16 < 13$
- In this question, first of all, we have to make the same denominator of both the fractions:
 $3 \times 34 \times 3 = 912$
Also,
 $2 \times 26 \times 2 = 412$
Now, the denominators of both the fractions are equal
Hence, fraction having greater numerator will be greater
As, $9 > 4$
Therefore,
 $34 > 26$
- In this part of the question, we have,

The numerator of both the fractions are equal
Therefore, fraction having lesser denominator will be greater
Therefore,
 $23 > 24$

d. In this part of the question, we have,

$66 = 1$
Also,
 $33 = 1$
Therefore,
 $1 = 1$
Hence,
 $66 = 33$

e. In this part of the question, we have,

The numerator of both the fractions are equal
Hence, fraction having lesser denominator will be greater
Therefore,
 $56 < 55$

5(1). How quickly can you do this? Fill the appropriate sign. ('<', '=', '>')
 $12 \square 15$

Sol. Here, we have,
The numerator of both the fractions are equal.
Hence, fraction having lesser denominator will be greater
Therefore,
 $12 > 15$

5(2). How quickly can you do this? Fill the appropriate sign. ('<', '=', '>')
 $24 \square 36$

Sol. Here, we have
 $24 = 12$
Also,
 $36 = 12$
As, $12 = 12$
Therefore,
 $24 = 36$

5(3). How quickly can you do this? Fill the appropriate sign. ('<', '=', '>')
 $35 \square 23$

Sol. Here, first of all, we have to make the same denominator of both the fractions:
 $3 \times 35 \times 3 = 915$
Also,
 $2 \times 53 \times 5 = 1015$
Now, the denominators of both the fractions are equal
Hence, fraction having greater numerator will be greater

As, $9 < 10$
Therefore,
 $35 < 23$

5(4). How quickly can you do this? Fill the appropriate sign. ('<', '=', '>')
 $34 \square 28$

Sol. Here, we have,
 $28 = 14$
Now, the denominators of both the fractions are equal
Hence, fraction having greater numerator will be greater
Therefore,
 $34 > 14$

5(5). How quickly can you do this? Fill the appropriate sign. ('<', '=', '>')
 $35 \square 65$

Sol. Here, we have,
Denominators of both the fractions are equal
Hence, fraction having greater numerator will be greater
Therefore,
 $35 < 65$

5(6). How quickly can you do this? Fill the appropriate sign. ('<', '=', '>')
 $79 \square 39$

Sol. Here, we have,
Denominators of both the fractions are equal
Hence, fraction having greater numerator will be greater
Therefore,
 $79 > 39$

5(7). How quickly can you do this? Fill the appropriate sign. ('<', '=', '>')
 $14 \square 28$

Sol. Here, we have,
 28 is 14 in reduced form.
Therefore,
 $14 = 28$

5(8). How quickly can you do this? Fill the appropriate sign. ('<', '=', '>')
 $610 \square 45$

Sol. Here, we have,
 $610 = 35$
Now, the denominators of both the fractions are equal
Hence, fraction having greater numerator will be greater

As, $3 < 4$
Therefore,
 $610 < 45$

5(9). How quickly can you do this? Fill the appropriate sign. ('<', '=', '>')
 $34 \square 78$

Sol. Here, firstly we have to make same denominators
 $3 \times 24 \times 2 = 68$
Now, the denominators of both the fractions are equal
Hence, fraction having greater numerator will be greater
As, $6 < 7$
Therefore,
 $34 < 78$

5(10). How quickly can you do this? Fill the appropriate sign. ('<', '=', '>')
 $610 \square 35$

Sol. Here, we have,
 $610 = 35$
Now, the denominators of both the fractions are equal
Hence, fraction having greater numerator will be greater
Therefore,
 $610 < 45$

5(11). How quickly can you do this? Fill the appropriate sign. ('<', '=', '>')
 $57 \square 1521$

Sol. Here, we have
 $1521 = 57$
As, $57 = 57$
Therefore,
 $57 = 1521$

6. The following fractions represent just three different numbers. Separate them into three groups of equivalent fractions, by changing each one to its simplest form.

- a. $\frac{212}{1000}$
- b. $\frac{315}{1000}$
- c. $\frac{850}{1000}$
- d. $\frac{16100}{1000}$
- e. $\frac{1060}{1000}$
- f. $\frac{1575}{1000}$
- g. $\frac{1260}{1000}$
- h. $\frac{1696}{1000}$
- i. $\frac{1275}{1000}$
- j. $\frac{1272}{1000}$
- k. $\frac{318}{1000}$

1. 425

- Sol.**
- a. In this question, we have,
 $212=1 \times 26 \times 2=16$
 - b. In this question, we have,
 $315=1 \times 35 \times 3=15$
 - c. In this question, we have,
 $850=4 \times 225 \times 2=425$
 - d. In this question, we have,
 $16100=4 \times 425 \times 4=425$
 - e. In this question, we have,
 $1060=1 \times 106 \times 10=16$
 - f. In this question, we have,
 $1575=1 \times 155 \times 15=15$
 - g. In this question, we have,
 $1260=1 \times 125 \times 12=15$
 - h. In this question, we have,
 $1696=1 \times 166 \times 16=16$
 - i. In this question, we have,
 $1275=4 \times 325 \times 3=425$
 - j. In this question, we have,
 $1272=1 \times 126 \times 12=16$
 - k. In this question, we have,
 $318=1 \times 36 \times 3=16$
 - l. In this question, we have,
425

From above, we see that, there are three groups of equivalent fractions:

16 = (a), (e), (h), (j) and (k)

15 = (b), (f) and (g)

425 = (c), (d), (i) and (l)

7(1). Find. Write and indicate how you solved this. Is 59 equal to 45?

- Sol.** Equivalent fractions of 59 are 1018,1527,2036,2545,.....
Equivalent fractions of 45 are 810,1215,1620,2025,2430,2835,3240,3645,.....
 $\therefore 25$ is not equal to 36
 $\therefore 59$ is not equal to 45.

7(2). Find. Write and indicate how you solved this. Is 916 equal to 59?

- Sol.** Equivalent fractions of 916 are 916,1832,2748,3664,4580,5496,63112,72128,81144,.....
Equivalent fractions of 59
are 1018,1527,2036,2545,3054,3563,4072,4581,5090,5599,60108,65117,70126,75135,80144,.....
 $\therefore 81$ is not equal to 80

$\therefore 916$ is not equal to 59

7(3). Find. Write and indicate how you solved this. Is 45 equal to 1620 ?

Sol. Equivalent fractions of 45 are $810, 1215, 1620, \dots$
Clearly, 45 is equal to 1620 .

7(4). Find. Write and indicate how you solved this. Is 115 equal to 430 ?

Sol. Equivalent fractions of 115 are $230, 345, 460, \dots$
 $\therefore 4 \neq 8$
 $\therefore 115$ is not equal to 430

8. Ila read 25 pages of a book containing 100 pages. Lalita read 25 of the same book. Who read less?

Sol. Here, we have,
Number of pages read by Lalita = 25×100
 $= 2 \times 20 = 40$
Also,
Number of pages read by Ila = 25
Hence, Ila has read less number of pages.

9. Rafiq exercised for 36 of an hour, while Rohit exercised for 34 of an hour. Who exercised for longer time?

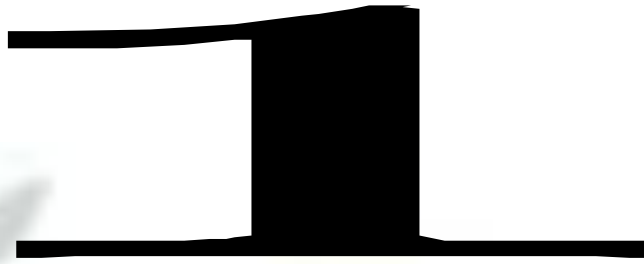
Sol. $\therefore 34 > 36$
 \therefore Rohit exercised for a longer time.

10. In a class A of 25 students, 20 passed with 60% or more marks; in another class B of 30 students, 24 passed with 60% or more marks. In which class was a greater fraction of students getting with 60% or more marks?

Sol. $2025 = 20 \div 525 \div 5 = 45$
 $2430 = 24 \div 630 \div 6 = 45$
Hence, in both the class the same fraction 45 of total students got first class.

EX: 7.5

Question 1. Write the fractions appropriately as additions or subtractions



Answer: (a) $+$ $=$ $=$

(b) $\frac{5}{5} - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{5-3}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$

(c) $\frac{2}{6} + \frac{3}{6} = \frac{2+3}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$

Question 2. Solve:

(a) $\frac{1}{18} + \frac{1}{18}$

(b) $\frac{8}{15} + \frac{3}{15}$

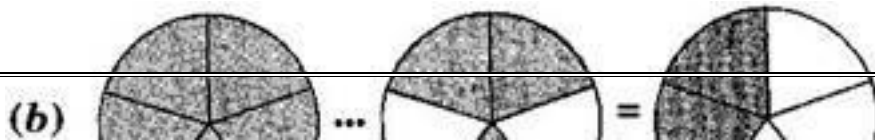
(c) $\frac{7}{7} - \frac{5}{7}$

(d) $\frac{1}{22} + \frac{21}{22}$

(e) $\frac{12}{15} - \frac{7}{15}$

(f) $\frac{5}{8} + \frac{3}{8}$

(g) $1 - \frac{2}{3} \left(1 = \frac{3}{3} \right)$



(i) $3 - \frac{12}{5}$

Answer: (a) $\frac{1}{18} + \frac{1}{18} = \frac{1+1}{18} = \frac{2}{18} = \frac{1}{9}$

(b) $\frac{8}{15} + \frac{3}{15} = \frac{8+3}{15} = \frac{11}{15}$

(c) $\frac{7}{7} - \frac{5}{7} = \frac{7-5}{7} = \frac{2}{7}$

(d) $\frac{1}{22} + \frac{21}{22} = \frac{1+21}{22} = \frac{22}{22} = 1$

(e) $\frac{12}{15} - \frac{7}{15} = \frac{12-7}{15} = \frac{5}{15} = \frac{1}{3}$

(f) $\frac{5}{8} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{8}{8} = 1$

(g) $1 - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{3}{3} - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{3-2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$

(h) $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{0}{4} = \frac{1+0}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$

(i) $3 - \frac{12}{5} = \frac{15}{5} - \frac{12}{5} = \frac{15-12}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$

Question 3. Shubham painted $\frac{2}{3}$ of the wall space in his room. His sister Madhavi helped and painted $\frac{1}{3}$ of the wall space. How much did they paint together?

Answer: Fraction of the wall painted by Shubham = $\frac{2}{3}$

Fraction of the wall painted by Madhavi = $\frac{1}{3}$

Total painting done by both of them = $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2+1}{3} = \frac{3}{3} = 1$

Therefore, they painted the wall completely.

Question 4. Fill in the missing fractions: (a)

(a) $\frac{7}{10} - \square = \frac{3}{10}$

(b) $\square - \frac{3}{6} = \frac{5}{21}$

(c) $\square - \frac{3}{6} = \frac{21}{6}$

(d) $\square + \frac{5}{27} = \frac{12}{27}$

$\frac{4}{10}$

Answer: (a)

(b)

(c)

(d) $\frac{7}{27}$

Question 5. Javed was given a basket of 7 oranges, He sold only 5 oranges. What fraction of oranges was left in the basket?

Answer: Total = 1

Fraction of Orange left = $1 - \frac{5}{7}$

$$= \frac{7}{7} - \frac{5}{7} = \frac{7-5}{7} = \frac{2}{7}$$

Thus, $\frac{2}{7}$ an orange was left in the basket.

Ex. 7.6

Question 1. Solve:

(a) $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{7}$

(b) $\frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{15}$

(c) $\frac{4}{9} + \frac{2}{7}$

(d) $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{3}$

(e) $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{6}$

(f) $\frac{4}{5} + \frac{2}{3}$

(g) $\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{3}$

(h) $\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{3}$

(i) $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2}$

(j) $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}$

(k) $1\frac{1}{3} + 3\frac{2}{3}$

(l) $4\frac{2}{3} + 3\frac{1}{4}$

(m) $\frac{16}{5} - \frac{7}{5}$

(n) $\frac{4}{3} - \frac{1}{2}$

Answer: (a) L.C.M. of 3 and 7 is 21

$$\therefore \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{2 \times 7 + 1 \times 3}{21} = \frac{14 + 3}{21} = \frac{17}{21}$$

(b) L.C.M. of 10 and 15 is 30

$$\therefore \frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{15} = \frac{3 \times 3 + 7 \times 2}{30} = \frac{9 + 14}{30} = \frac{23}{30}$$

(c) L.C.M. of 9 and 7 is 63

$$\therefore \frac{4}{9} + \frac{2}{7} = \frac{4 \times 7 + 2 \times 9}{63} = \frac{28 + 18}{63} = \frac{46}{63}$$

(d) L.C.M. of 7 and 3 is 21

$$\therefore \frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5 \times 3 + 7 \times 1}{21} = \frac{15 + 7}{21} = \frac{22}{21} = 1 \frac{1}{21}$$

(e) L.C.M. of 5 and 6 is 30

$$\therefore \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{2 \times 6 + 5 \times 1}{30} = \frac{12 + 5}{30} = \frac{17}{30}$$

(f) L.C.M. of 5 and 3 is 15

$$\therefore \frac{4}{5} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4 \times 3 + 2 \times 5}{15} = \frac{12 + 10}{15} = \frac{22}{15} = 1 \frac{7}{15}$$

(g) L.C.M. of 4 and 3 is 12

$$\therefore \frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3 \times 3 - 4 \times 1}{12} = \frac{9 - 4}{12} = \frac{5}{12}$$

(h) L.C.M. of 6 and 3 is 6

$$\therefore \frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5 \times 1 - 2 \times 1}{6} = \frac{5 - 2}{6} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

(i) L.C.M. of 3, 4 and 2 is 12

$$\therefore \frac{2}{3} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2 \times 4 + 3 \times 3 + 1 \times 6}{12} = \frac{6 + 9 + 6}{12} = \frac{23}{12} = 1 \frac{11}{12}$$

(j) L.C.M. of 2, 3, and 6 is 6

$$\therefore \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1 \times 3 + 1 \times 2 + 1 \times 1}{6} = \frac{3 + 2 + 1}{6} = \frac{6}{6} = 1$$

(k) L.C.M. of 3 and 3 is 3

$$\therefore \frac{4}{3} + \frac{11}{3} = \frac{4 + 11}{3} = \frac{15}{3} = 5$$

(l) L.C.M. of 3 and 4 is 12

$$\therefore \frac{14}{3} + \frac{13}{4} = \frac{14 \times 4 + 13 \times 3}{12} = \frac{56 + 39}{12} = \frac{95}{12} = 7 \frac{11}{12}$$

(m) L.C.M. of 5 and 5 is 5

$$\therefore \frac{16}{5} - \frac{7}{5} = \frac{16 - 7}{5} = \frac{9}{5} = 1 \frac{4}{5}$$

(n) L.C.M. of 3 and 2 is 6

$$\therefore \frac{5}{8} - \frac{1}{5} = \frac{25-8}{40} = \frac{17}{40}$$

Question 2. Sarika bought $\frac{2}{5}$ meter of ribbon and Lalita $\frac{3}{4}$ meter of ribbon. What is the total length of the ribbon they bought?

Answer: Ribbon bought by Sarika $\frac{2}{5}$ m and Ribbon bought by Lalita $\frac{3}{4}$ m

$$\text{Total length of the ribbon} = \frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{2 \times 4 + 5 \times 3}{20} \quad [\because \text{L.C.M. of 5 and 4 is 20}]$$

$$= \frac{8+15}{20} = \frac{23}{20} = 1\frac{3}{20} \text{ m}$$

Therefore, they bought $1\frac{3}{20}$ m of ribbon.

Question 3. Naina was given $1\frac{1}{2}$ piece of cake and Najma was given $1\frac{1}{3}$ piece of cake. Find the total amount of cake given to both of them.

Answer: Cake taken by Naina = $1\frac{1}{2}$ piece and Cake taken by Najma = $1\frac{1}{3}$ piece

$$\text{Total cake taken} = 1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{4}{3} = \frac{3 \times 3 + 4 \times 2}{6} \quad [\because \text{L.C.M. of 2 and 3 is 6}]$$

$$= \frac{9+8}{6} = \frac{17}{6} = 2\frac{5}{6}$$

Therefore total consumption of cake is $2\frac{5}{6}$

Question 4. Fill in the boxes:

(a) $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{4 \times 2 - 1 \times 3}{6}$

(b) $\square - \frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{8-3}{6}$

(c) $\frac{1}{2} - \square = \frac{1}{6}$

Answer: (a) $\frac{\square}{\square} + \frac{5}{8} = \frac{2+5}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

(b) $\square - \frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{7}{10}$

$$(c) \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{3-1}{6} = \frac{2}{6}$$

Question 5. Complete the addition – subtraction box:

(a)

	+ →		
- ↓	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{4}{3}$	
	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	

(b)

	+ →		
- ↓	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	
	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	

(a)

	+ →		
- ↓	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{4}{3}$	$\frac{6}{3}$
	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{3}{3}$
	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{3}{3}$

(b)

	+ →		
- ↓	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{5}{6}$
	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{7}{12}$
	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{3}{12}$

Answer:

Question 6. A piece of wire $\frac{7}{8}$ meter long broke into two pieces. One piece was $\frac{1}{4}$ meter long. How long is the other piece?

Answer: Total length of wire $\frac{7}{8}$

Length of first part = $\frac{1}{4}$ meter

Remaining part = $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{7 \times 1 - 2 \times 1}{8}$ [∵ L.C.M. of 8 and 4 is 8]

= $\frac{7-2}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$ meter

Therefore, the length of remaining part is $\frac{5}{8}$ meter.

Question 7. Nandini house is $\frac{9}{10}$ km from her school. She walked some distance and then took a bus for $\frac{1}{2}$ km to reach the school. How far did she walk?

Answer: Total distance between the school and house = $\frac{9}{10}$ km

Distance covered by bus = $\frac{1}{2}$ km

Remaining distance = $\frac{9}{10} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{9 \times 1 - 1 \times 5}{10}$ [\because L.C.M. of 10 and 2 is 10]

$$= \frac{9-5}{10} = \frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5} \text{ km}$$

Therefore, distance covered by walking is $\frac{2}{5}$ km.

Question 8. Asha and Samuel have bookshelves of the same size partly filled with books. Asha's $\frac{5}{6}$ th shelf is full and Samuel's $\frac{2}{5}$ th shelf is $\frac{2}{5}$ th full. Whose bookshelf is more filled and by what fraction?

Answer: $\frac{5}{6}$ and $\frac{2}{5}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{5}{5} = \frac{25}{30} \text{ and } \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{6}{6} = \frac{12}{30} \text{ [\because L.C.M. of 6 and 5 is 30]}$$

$$\therefore \frac{25}{30} > \frac{12}{30} \Rightarrow \frac{5}{6} > \frac{2}{5}$$

\therefore Asha's bookshelf is more covered than Samuel's.

$$\text{Difference} = \frac{25}{30} - \frac{12}{30} = \frac{13}{30}$$

Question 9. Jaidev takes $2\frac{1}{5}$ minutes to walk across the school ground.

$\frac{7}{4}$

Rahul takes minutes to do the same. Who takes less time and by what fraction?

Answer: Time taken by Jaidev = $2\frac{1}{5}$ minutes = $\frac{11}{5}$

minute Time taken by Rahul = minutes

$$\text{Difference} = \frac{11}{5} - \frac{7}{4} = \frac{11 \times 4 - 7 \times 5}{20} \text{ [\because L.C.M. of 5 and 4 is 20]}$$

$$\frac{44-35}{20} = \frac{9}{20} \text{ minutes}$$

Thus, Rahul takes less time, which is $\frac{9}{20}$ minutes.



Notes
CHAPTER – 8
Decimals

- To understand the parts of one whole (i.e. a unit) we represent a unit by a block. One block divided into 10 equal parts means each part is $\frac{1}{10}$ (one-tenth) of a unit. It can be written as 0.1 in decimal notation. The dot represents the decimal point and it comes between the units place and the tenths place.
- Every fraction with denominator 10 can be written in decimal notation and vice-versa.
- One block divided into 100 equal parts means each part is $\frac{1}{100}$ (one-hundredth) of a unit. It can be written as 0.01 in decimal notation.
- Every fraction with denominator 100 can be written in decimal notation and vice-versa.
- In the place value table, as we go from left to the right, the multiplying factor becomes $\frac{1}{10}$ of the previous factor.
- Fractions as Decimals: Fractions can be converted into decimals by writing them in the form with denominators 10, 100 and so on. Example: $\frac{7}{10} = 0.7$
- Decimals as Fractions: Decimals can be converted into fractions by removing their decimal points and writing 10, 100, etc. in the denominators, depending upon the number of decimal places in the decimals. Examples: $0.9 = \frac{9}{10}$
- Addition of Decimals: Decimals can be added by writing them with equal number of decimal places. Example: add 0.005, 6.5 and 20.04.
Solution: Convert the given decimals as 0.005, 6.500 and 20.040.
 $0.005 + 6.500 + 20.040 = 26.545$
- Subtraction of Decimals: Decimals can be subtracted by writing them with equal number of decimal places.
Example: Subtract the given decimals as 5.674 and 12.500
 $12.500 - 5.674 = 6.826$
- Comparing Decimals: Decimals numbers can be compared using the idea of place value:
Example: 45.32 or 35.69
The given decimals have distinct whole number part, so we compare whole number part only. The whole number part of 45.32 is greater than 35.69. Therefore, $45.32 > 35.69$.
- Using Decimals: Many daily life problems can be solved by converting different units of measurements such as money, length, weight, etc. in the decimal form.
- Money:
 $100 \text{ paise} = 1 \text{ Rupee}$
 $1 \text{ paise} = \frac{1}{100} \text{ Rupee} = 0.01 \text{ Rs.}$
 $5 \text{ paise} = \frac{5}{100} \text{ Rs.} = 0.05 \text{ Rs.}$
 $105 \text{ paise} = 1 \text{ Rs.} + 5 \text{ paise} = 1.05 \text{ Rs.}$
 $7 \text{ Rs. } 8 \text{ paise} = 7 \text{ Rs.} + 0.08 \text{ Rs.} = 7.08 \text{ Rs.}$
 $7 \text{ Rs. } 80 \text{ paise} = 7 \text{ Rs.} + 0.80 \text{ Rs.} = 7.80 \text{ Rs.}$
- Length:
 $10 \text{ mm} = 1 \text{ cm}$
 $1 \text{ mm} = \frac{1}{10} \text{ cm} = 0.1 \text{ cm}$
 $100 \text{ cm} = 1 \text{ m}$

$1 \text{ cm} = 1/100 \text{ m} = 0.01 \text{ m}$

$1000 \text{ m} = 1 \text{ km}$

$1 \text{ m} = 1/1000 \text{ km} = 0.001 \text{ km}$

• **Weight:**

$1000 \text{ g} = 1 \text{ kg}$

$1 \text{ g} = 1/1000 \text{ kg} = 0.001 \text{ kg}$

$25 \text{ g} = 25/1000 \text{ kg} = 0.025 \text{ kg}$

CLASS-6


Chapter 8 Decimals

SUB-MATHS

Ex. 8.1

Question 1. Write the following as numbers in the given table:





Question 2. Write the following decimals in the place value table:

(a) 19.4

(b) 0.3

(c) 10.6

(d)

205.9

Answer: (a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

Question 3. Write each of the following as decimals:

- (a) seven-tenths
- (b) Two tens and nine-tenths
- (c) Fourteen point six
- (d) One hundred and two-ones
- (e) Six hundred point eight

Answer: (a) seven-tenths = $7 \text{ tenths} = 0.7$

(b) 2 tens and 9-tenths = $2 \times 10 + 0.9 = 20 + 0.9 = 20.9$

(c) Fourteen point six = 14.6

(d) One hundred and two-ones = $100 + 2 \times 1 = 100 + 2 = 102$

(e) Six hundred point eight = 600.8

Question 4. Write each of the following as decimals:

(a)

(b) $3 + \frac{1}{10}$

(c) $200 + 60 + 5 + \frac{1}{10}$

(d) $70 + \frac{1}{10}$

(e)

(f)

(g)

(h) $\frac{2}{5}$

(i)

(j)

(k)

(f) Two tens and nine-tenths

(g) Fourteen point six

(h) One hundred and two ones

(i) Six hundred point eight

Answer: (a) seven-tenths = $7 \text{ tenths} = \dots = 0.7$

(b) 2 tens and 9-tenths = $2 \times 10 + \dots = 20 + 0.9 = 20.9$

(c) $200 + 60 + 5 + \dots = 200 + 60 + 5 + 0.1 = 265.1$

(d) $70 + \dots = 70 + 0.8 = 70.8$

(e) $\dots = \dots + 8 + \dots = 8 + 0.8 = 8.8$

(f) $\dots = 4 + \dots = 4 + 0.2 = 4.2$

(g) $\frac{3}{2} = \dots = \dots = \dots + \dots = 1 + 0.5 = 1.5$

(h) $\frac{2}{5} = \dots = \dots = 0.4$

(i) $\dots = \dots = \dots = \dots + \dots = 2 + 0.4 = 2.4$

(j) $\dots = 3 + \frac{3}{5} = 3 + 0.6 = 3.6$

(k) $\dots = 4 + \frac{1}{2} = 4 + 0.5 = 4.5$

Question 5. Write the following decimals as fraction. Reduce the fractions to lowest terms:

(a) 0.6

(b) 2.5

(c) 1.0

(d) 3.8

(e) 13.7

(f) 21.2

(g) 6.4

Answer: (a) $0.6 = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{3}{5}$

(b) $2.5 = \frac{25}{10} = \frac{5}{2}$

(c) $1.0 = \frac{\quad}{\quad} = 1$

(d) $3.8 = \frac{\quad}{\quad} =$

(e) $13.7 =$

(f) $21.2 = \frac{\quad}{\quad} =$

(g) $6.4 = \frac{\quad}{\quad} =$

Question 6. Express the following as cm using decimals:

(a) 2mm

(b) 30mm

(c) 116mm

(d) 4 cm 2mm

(e) 162mm

(f) 83mm

Answer:(a) $\because 10\text{mm} = 1\text{cm}$

$$\therefore 1\text{mm} = \frac{1}{10}\text{cm}$$

$$\therefore 2\text{mm} = \frac{2}{10} = 0.2\text{cm}$$

(b) $\because 10\text{mm} = 1\text{cm}$

$$1\text{mm} = \frac{1}{10}\text{cm}$$

\therefore

$$\therefore 30\text{mm} = \frac{30}{10} = 3.0\text{cm}$$

(c) $\because 10\text{mm} = 1\text{cm}$

$$1\text{mm} = \frac{1}{10}\text{cm}$$

$$\therefore 116\text{mm} = \frac{116}{10} = 11.6\text{cm}$$

(d) $4\text{cm} + 0.2\text{cm}$ [$\because 10\text{mm} = 1\text{cm}$]

$$4 + 0.2 = 4.2\text{cm}$$

(e) $\because 10\text{mm} = 1\text{cm}$

$$\therefore 1\text{mm} = \frac{1}{10}\text{cm}$$

$$\therefore 162\text{mm} = \frac{162}{10} = 16.2\text{cm}$$

(f) $10\text{mm} = 1\text{cm}$

$$\therefore 1\text{mm} = \frac{1}{10}\text{cm}$$

$$\therefore 83\text{mm} = \frac{83}{10} = 8.3\text{cm}$$

Question 7. Between which two whole numbers on the number line are the given numbers lie? Which of these whole numbers is nearer to the given number?

(a) 0.8

(b) 5.1

(c) 2.6

(d) 6.4

(e) 9.1

(f) 4.9

Answer: (a) From 0 to 1, 0.8 is nearest to 1.

(b) From 5 to 6, 5.1 is nearest to 5.

(c) From 2 to 3, 2.6 is nearest to 3.

(d) From 6 to 7, 6.4 is nearest to 6.

(e) From 9 to 10, 9.1 is nearest to 9.

(f) From 4 to 5, 4.9 is nearest to 5.

Question 8. Show the following numbers on the number line:

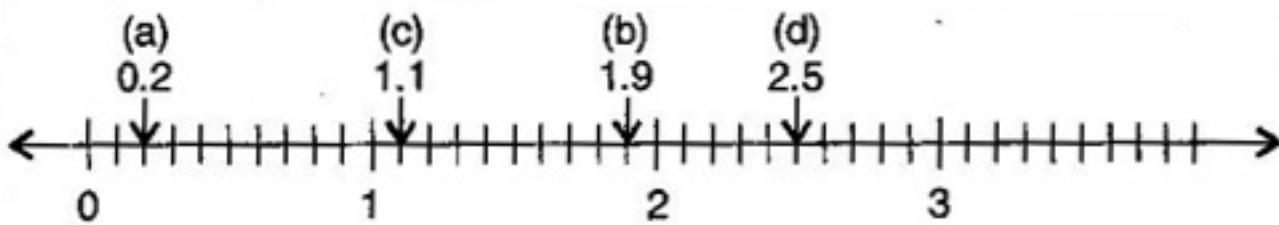
(a) 0.2

(b) 1.9

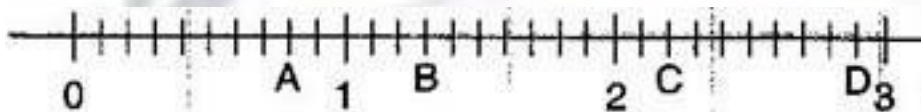
(c) 1.1

(d) 2.5

Answer:



Question 9. Write the decimal number represented by the points A, B, C, D:



Answer: A = 0 + $\frac{8}{10}$ = 0.8

B = 1 + $\frac{3}{10}$ = 1.3

C = 2 + $\frac{2}{10}$ = 2.2

D = 2 + $\frac{9}{10}$ = 2.9

Question 10. (a) The length of Ramesh's notebook is 9 cm and 5 mm. What will be its length in cm?

(b) The length of a young gram plant is 65 mm. Express its length in cm.

Answer: (a) $9\text{ cm } 5\text{ mm} = 9\text{ cm} + 5\text{ mm} = 9 + \frac{5}{10} = 9.5\text{ cm}$

(b) $65\text{ mm} = \frac{65}{10}\text{ cm} = 6.5\text{ cm}$

Ex. 8.2

Question 1. Complete the table with the help of these boxes and use decimal to write the number:



Answer:

(C) 1 2 9 1.29

Question 2. Write the numbers given in the following place value table in decimal form:

Answer:(a) $0 \times 100 + 0 \times 10 + 3 \times 1 + 2 \times \frac{1}{10} + 5 \times \frac{1}{100} + 0 \times \frac{1}{1000}$

$= 0 + 0 + 3 + 0.2 + 0.05 + 0 = 3.25$

(b) $1 \times 100 + 0 \times 10 + 2 \times 1 + 6 \times \frac{1}{10} + 3 \times \frac{1}{100} + 0 \times \frac{1}{1000}$

$= 100 + 0 + 2 + 0.6 + 0.03 + 0 = 102.63$

(c) $0 \times 100 + 3 \times 10 + 0 \times 1 + 0 \times \frac{1}{10} + 2 \times \frac{1}{100} + 5 \times \frac{1}{1000}$

$= 0 + 30 + 0 + 0 + 0.02 + 0.005 = 30.025$

(d) $2 \times 100 + 1 \times 10 + 1 \times 1 + 9 \times \frac{1}{10} + 0 \times \frac{1}{100} + 2 \times \frac{1}{1000}$

$= 200 + 10 + 1 + 0.9 + 0 + 0.002 = 211.902$

(e) $0 \times 100 + 1 \times 10 + 2 \times 1 + 2 \times \frac{1}{10} + 4 \times \frac{1}{100} + 1 \times \frac{1}{1000}$

$$0 + 10 + 2 + 0.2 + 0.04 + 0.001 = 12.241$$

Question 3. Write the following decimals in the place value table:

(a) 0.29

(b) 2.08

(c) 19.60

(d) 148.32

(e) 200.812

Answer:

(e) 200.812

	2	0	0	8	1	2
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Question 4. Write each of the following as decimals:

(a) $20 + 9 + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{2}{100}$

(b) $100 + 37 + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{3}{100} + \frac{7}{1000}$

(c) $100 + 10 + \frac{4}{1000}$

(d) $23 + \frac{6}{1000}$

(e) $700 + 20 + 5 + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{2}{100}$

Answer: (a) $20 + 9 + 0.4 + 0.01 = 29.41$

(b) $137 + 0.05 = 137.05$

(c) $0.7 + 0.06 + 0.004 = 0.764$

(d) $23 + 0.2 + 0.006 = 23.206$

(e) $700 + 20 + 5 + 0.09 = 725.09$

Question 5. Write each of the following decimals in words:

(a) 0.03

(b) 1.20

(c) 108.56

(d) 10.07

(e) 0.032

(f) 5.008

Answer: (a) Zero point zero three

(b) One point two zero

(c) One hundred and eight point five six

(d) Ten point zero seven

(e) Zero point zero three two

Five point zero zero eight

Question 6. Between which two numbers in tenths place on the number line does each of the given number lie?

(a) 0.06

(b) 0.45

(c) 0.19

(d) 0.66

(e) 0.92

(f) 0.57

Answer: All the numbers lie between 0 and 1.

(a) 0.06 is nearer to 0.1.

(b) 0.45 is nearer to 0.5.

(c) 0.19 is nearer to 0.2.

(d) 0.66 is nearer to 0.7.

(e) 0.92 is nearer to 0.9.

(f) 0.57 is nearer to 0.6.

Question 7. Write as fractions in lowest terms:

(a) 0.60

(b) 0.05

(c) 0.75

(d) 0.18

(e) 0.25

(f) 0.125

(g) 0.066

Answer: (a) $0.60 = \frac{3}{5}$

(b) $0.05 = \frac{1}{20}$

(c) $0.75 = \frac{3}{4}$

(d) $0.18 = \frac{9}{50}$

(e) $0.25 = \frac{1}{4}$

(f) $0.125 = \frac{1}{8}$

(g) $0.066 = \frac{33}{500}$

Ex. 8.3

Question 1. Which is greater:

(a) 0.3 or 0.4

(b) 0.07 or 0.02

(c) 3 or 0.8 (d) 0.5

or 0.05 (e) 1.23 or 1.2

(f) 0.099 or 0.19

(g) 1.5 or 1.50

(h) 1.431 or 1.490

(i) 3.3 or 3.300

(j) 5.64 or 5.603

Answer: Before comparing, we write both terms in like decimals: (a) $0.3 <$

0.4

(b) $0.07 > 0.02$

(c) $3.0 \text{ or } 0.8 \Rightarrow 3.0 > 0.8$

(d) $0.50 \text{ or } 0.05 \Rightarrow 0.50 > 0.05$

(e) $1.23 \text{ or } 1.20 \Rightarrow 1.23 > 1.20$

(f) $0.099 \text{ or } 0.190 \Rightarrow 0.099 < 0.190$

(g) $1.50 \text{ or } 1.50 \Rightarrow 1.50 = 1.50$

(h) $1.431 < 1.490$

(i) $3.300 \text{ or } 3.300 \Rightarrow 3.300 = 3.300$

(j) $5.640 \text{ or } 5.603 \Rightarrow 5.640 > 5.603$

Question 2. Make five more examples and find the greater:

(a) 1.8 or 1.82

(b) 1.0009 or 1.09

(c) 10.01 or 100.1

(d) 5.100 or 5.0100

(e) 04.213 or 0421.3

Answer: Before comparing, we write both the terms in like decimals

(i) $1.80 \text{ or } 1.82 \Rightarrow 1.82$ is greater than 1.8

(ii) 1.0009 or $1.0900 \Rightarrow 1.09$ is greater than 1.0009

(iii) 10.01 or $100.10 \Rightarrow 100.1$ is greater than 10.01

(iv) 5.1000 or $5.0100 \Rightarrow 5.100$ is greater than 5.0100

(v) 04.213 or $0421.300 \Rightarrow 0421.3$ is greater than 04.213

Ex. 8.4

Question 1. Express as rupees using decimals:

(a) 5paise

(b) 75paise

(c) 20paise

(d) 50 rupees 90paise

(e) 725paise

Answer:(a) $\because 1 \text{ paisa} = \text{Rs. } \frac{1}{100}$

$\therefore 5 \text{ paise} = \frac{5}{100} = \text{Rs. } 0.05$

(b) $\because 1 \text{ paisa} = \text{Rs. } \frac{1}{100}$

$\therefore 75 \text{ paise} = \frac{75}{100} = \text{Rs. } 0.75$

(c) $\because 1 \text{ paisa} = \text{Rs. } \frac{1}{100}$

$\therefore 20 \text{ paise} = \frac{20}{100} = \text{Rs. } 0.05$

(d) ∴ 1 paisa =Rs.

$$\therefore \text{Rs.}50+90\text{paise}=50+ \quad \times 90=\text{Rs.}50.90$$

(e) ∴ 1 paisa =Rs.

$$\therefore 725\text{paise}= \quad \times 725 = \quad = \text{Rs.}7.25$$

Question 2. Express as meters using decimals:

(a) 15cm

(b) 6cm

(c) 2 m 45cm

(d) 9 m 7cm

(e) 419cm

Answer: (a) ∴ 1cm= $\frac{1}{100}$ m

$$\therefore 15\text{cm}= \frac{15}{100} \times 15=0.15\text{m}$$

(b) ∴ 1cm= $\frac{1}{100}$ m

$$\therefore 6\text{cm}= \frac{6}{100} \times 6=0.06\text{m}$$

(c) ∴ 1cm= $\frac{1}{100}$ m

$$\therefore 2\text{m}45\text{cm}=2+ \frac{45}{100} \times 45=2.45\text{m}$$

(d) ∴ 1cm= $\frac{1}{100}$ m

$$\therefore 9\text{m}7\text{cm}=9+ \frac{7}{100} \times 7=9.07\text{m}$$

(e) ∴ 1cm= $\frac{1}{100}$ m

$$\therefore 419\text{cm}= \frac{419}{100} \times 419= \quad = 4.19\text{m}$$

Question 3. Express as cm using decimals:

(a) 5mm

(b) 60mm

(c) 164mm

(d) 9 cm 8mm

(e) 93mm

Answer:(a) $\therefore 1\text{mm} = \frac{1}{10}\text{cm}$

$$\therefore 5\text{mm} = \frac{5}{10}\text{cm} = 0.5\text{cm}$$

(b) $\therefore 1\text{mm} = \frac{1}{10}\text{cm}$

$$\therefore 60\text{mm} = \frac{60}{10}\text{cm} = 6\text{cm}$$

(c) $\therefore 1\text{mm} = \frac{1}{10}\text{cm}$

$$\therefore 164\text{mm} = \frac{164}{10}\text{cm} = 16.4\text{cm}$$

(d) $\therefore 1\text{mm} = \frac{1}{10}\text{cm}$

$$\therefore 9\text{cm}8\text{mm} = 9 + \frac{8}{10}\text{cm} = 9 + 0.8 = 9.8\text{cm}$$

(e) $\therefore 1\text{mm} = \frac{1}{10}\text{cm}$

$$\therefore 93\text{mm} = \frac{93}{10}\text{cm} = 9.3\text{cm}$$

Question 4. Express as km using decimals:

(a) 8m

(b) 88m

(c) 8888 m

(d) 70 km 5 m

Answer: (a) $\therefore 1\text{m} = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ km}$

$\therefore 8\text{m} = \frac{1}{1000} \times 8 = 0.008\text{km}$

(b) $\therefore 1\text{m} = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ km}$

$\therefore 88\text{m} = \frac{1}{1000} \times 88 = 0.088\text{km}$

(c) $\therefore 1\text{m} = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ km}$

$\therefore 8888\text{m} = \frac{1}{1000} \times 8888 = 8.888\text{km}$

(d) $\therefore 1\text{m} = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ km}$

$\therefore 70\text{km}5\text{m} = 70 + \frac{1}{1000} \times 5 = 70.005\text{km}$

Question 5. Express as kg using decimals:

(a) 2g

(b) 100g

(c) 3750 g

(d) 5 kg 8g

(e) 26 kg 50g

Answer: (a) $\therefore 1\text{g} = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ kg}$

$\therefore 2\text{g} = \frac{1}{1000} \times 2 = 0.002\text{kg}$

(b) $\therefore 1\text{g} = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ kg}$

$\therefore 100\text{g} = \frac{1}{1000} \times 100 = 0.1\text{kg}$

(c) $\therefore 1\text{g} = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ kg}$

$\therefore 3750\text{g} = \frac{1}{1000} \times 3750 = 3.750\text{kg} \quad \therefore 5\text{kg}8\text{g} = 5 + \frac{1}{1000} \times 8 = 5.008\text{kg}$

$$(d) \therefore 1g = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ kg}$$

$$\therefore 5\text{kg}8g = 5 + \frac{1}{1000} \times 8 = 5.008\text{kg}$$

$$(e) \therefore 1g = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ kg}$$

$$\therefore 26\text{kg}50g = 26 + \frac{1}{1000} \times 50 = 26.050\text{kg}$$

Ex. 8.5

Question 1. Find the sum in each of the following:

(a) $0.007 + 8.5 + 30.08$

(b) $15 + 0.632 + 13.8$

(c) $27.076 + 0.55 + 0.004$

(d) $25.65 + 9.005 + 3.7$

(e) $0.75 + 10.425 + 2$

(f) $280.69 + 25.2 + 38$

Answer:(a)38.58

7 (b)29.432

(c)27.630

(d)38.355

(e)13.175

(f) 343.89

Question 2. Rashid spent Rs.35.75 for Maths book and Rs.32.60 for Science book. Find the total amount spent by Rashid.

Answer: Money spent for Maths book = Rs.35.75

Money spent for Science book = Rs.32.60

Total money spent = Rs.35.75 + Rs.32.60 = Rs.68.35 Therefore, total money spent by Rashid is Rs.68.35

Question 3. Radhika's mother gave her Rs.10.50 and her father gave her Rs.15.80. Find the total amount given to Radhika by her parents.

Answer: Money given by her mother = Rs.10.50

Money given by her father = Rs.15.80

Total money received by Radha = Rs.10.50 + Rs.15.80 = Rs.26.30

Therefore, total money received by Radha is Rs.26.30.

Question 4. Nasreen bought 3m20cm cloth for her shirt and 2m5cm cloth for her trouser. Find the total length of cloth bought by her.

Answer: Cloth bought for shirt = 3m20cm = 3.20m

Cloth bought for trouser = 2m5cm = 2.05m

Total length of cloth bought by Nasreen = 3.20m + 2.05m = 5.25m

Therefore, total length of cloth bought by Nasreen is 5.25m

Question 5. Naresh walked 2km35min in the morning and 1km7min in the evening. How much distance did he walk in all?

Answer: Distance travelled in the morning = 2km35m = 2.035km

Distance travelled in the evening = $1\text{ km } 7\text{ m} = 1.007\text{ km}$

Total distance travelled = $2.035\text{ km} + 1.007\text{ km} = 3.042\text{ km}$

Therefore, total distance travelled by Naresh is 3.042 km .

Question 6. Sunita travelled $15\text{ km } 268\text{ m}$ by bus, $7\text{ km } 7\text{ m}$ by car and 500 m on foot in order to reach her school. How far is her school from her residence?

Answer: Distance travelled by bus = $15\text{ km } 268\text{ m} = 15.268\text{ km}$ Distance

travelled by car = $7\text{ km } 7\text{ m} = 7.007\text{ km}$

Distance travelled on foot = $500\text{ m} = 0.500\text{ km}$

Total distance travelled = $15.268\text{ m} + 7.007\text{ m} + 0.500\text{ m} = 22.775\text{ km}$

Therefore, total distance travelled by Sunita is 22.775 km .

Question 7. Ravi purchases $5\text{ kg } 400\text{ g}$ rice, $2\text{ kg } 20\text{ g}$ sugar and $10\text{ kg } 850\text{ g}$ flour. Find the total weight of his purchases.

Answer: Weight of Rice = $5\text{ kg } 400\text{ g} = 5.400\text{ kg}$

Weight of Sugar = $2\text{ kg } 20\text{ g} = 2.020\text{ kg}$

Weight of Flour = $10\text{ kg } 850\text{ g} = 10.850\text{ kg}$

Total weight = $5.400\text{ kg} + 2.020\text{ kg} + 10.850\text{ kg} = 18.270\text{ kg}$

Therefore total weight of Ravi's purchase = 18.270 kg .

Ex. 8.6

Question 1. Subtract: (a) 18.25 from 20.75

(b) 202.54m from 250m

(c) 5.36 from 8.40

(d) 2.051km from 5.206km

(e) 0.314 kg from 2.107kg

Answer: (a) Rs. 2.50

(b) 47.46 m

(c) Rs. 3.04

(d) 3.155 km

(e) 1.793 kg

Question 2. Find the value of:

(a) $9.756 - 6.28$

(b) $21.05 - 15.27$

(c) $18.5 - 6.79$

(d) $11.6 - 9.847$

Answer: (a) 3.476

(b) 5.78

(c) 11.71

(d)1.753

Question3. Raju bought a book of Rs. 35.65. He gave Rs. 50 to the shopkeeper. How much money did he get back from the shopkeeper?

Answer: Total amount given to the shopkeeper = Rs. 50

Cost of book = Rs. 35.65

Amount left = Rs. 50.00 - Rs. 35.65 = Rs. 14.35 Therefore,

Raju got back Rs. 14.35 from the shopkeeper.

Question4. Rani had Rs. 18.50. She bought one ice-cream for Rs. 11.75. How much money does she have now?

Answer: Total money = Rs. 18.50

Cost of Ice-cream = Rs. 11.75

Amount left = Rs. 18.50 - Rs. 11.75 = Rs. 6.75 Therefore,

Rani has Rs. 6.75 now.

Question5. Tina had 20 m 5 cm long cloth. She cuts 4 m 50 cm length of cloth from this for making a curtain. How much cloth is left with her?

Answer: Total length of the cloth = 20 m 5 cm = 20.05 m

Length of the cloth used = 4 m 50 cm = 4.50 m Remaining

cloth = 20.05 m - 4.50 m = 15.55 m Therefore, 15.55 m of

cloth is left with Tina.

Question6. Nani travels 20 km 50 m every day. Out of this she travels 10 km 200 m by bus and the rest by auto. How much distance does she travel by auto?

Answer: Total distance to travel everyday = 20 km 50 m = 20.050 km

Distance travelled by bus = 10 km 200 m = 10.200 km

Distance travelled by auto = 20.050 km - 10.200 km = 9.850 km

Therefore, 9.850 km distance is travelled by auto everyday.

Question 7. Aakash bought vegetables weighing 10 kg. Out of this 3 kg 500 g in onions, 2 kg 75 g in tomatoes and the rest is potatoes. What is the weight of the potatoes?

Answer: Weight of onions = 3 kg 500 g = 3.500 kg

Weight of tomatoes = 2 kg 75 g = 2.075 kg

Total weight of onions and tomatoes = 3.500 kg + 2.075 kg = 5.575 kg

Therefore, weight of potatoes = 10.000 kg - 5.575 kg = 4.425 kg Thus,

weight of potatoes is 4.425 kg.

*******THE END*******